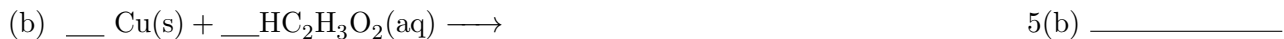


Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Instructions: Answer the following questions. Show ALL work for problems to receive full credit. Make sure to include proper units and significant figures for all answers.

- [5 pt] 1. Sketch a picture showing how BaCl_2 will dissolve in water. Label all IMF's present.
- [6 pt] 2. Sketch a picture showing how AlCl_3 will dissolve in water. What is the attractive force between the ions and water molecules?
- [6 pt] 3. Sketch a picture showing how $\text{HC}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2$ will dissolve in water. What is the attractive force between the ions and water molecules?
- [4 pt] 4. Sketch a picture showing how CH_2O will dissolve in water. What is the attractive force between the ions and water molecules?

[15 pt] 5. Complete and balance the following reactions. Include the state of the products, and any energy/heat terms where appropriate. If no reaction occurs, write NR for the products.



[8 pt] 6. Answer the following questions about acids, bases, and pH. (Recall that $\text{pH} = -\log[\text{H}^+]$, $[\text{H}^+] = 10^{-\text{pH}}$, and $\text{pH} + \text{pOH} = 14$). Additionally state whether the solution is (A)cidic, (B)asic, or (N)eutral

(a) What is the pH of solution with $[\text{H}^+] = 3.8 \times 10^{-10} \text{ M}$? 6(a) _____

(b) What is the $[\text{H}^+]$ for a solution with $\text{pH} = 2.36$? 6(b) _____

(c) What is the pH for a solution with $\text{pOH} = 5$? 6(c) _____

(d) What is the pOH for a solution with $[\text{H}^+] = 3.80 \times 10^{-11} \text{ M}$? 6(d) _____

[8 pt] 7. Answer the following questions about acids, bases, and pH. (Recall that $\text{pH} = -\log[\text{H}^+]$, $[\text{H}^+] = 10^{-\text{pH}}$, and $\text{pH} + \text{pOH} = 14$). Additionally state whether the solution is (A)cidic, (B)asic, or (N)eutral

(a) What is the pH of solution with $[\text{H}^+] = 2.45 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$? 7(a) _____

(b) What is the $[\text{H}^+]$ for a solution with $\text{pH} = 8.5$? 7(b) _____

(c) What is the pH for a solution with $\text{pOH} = 12$? 7(c) _____

(d) What is the $[\text{OH}^-]$ for a solution with $[\text{H}^+] = 3.80 \times 10^{-11} \text{ M}$? 7(d) _____

[8 pt] 8. Answer the following questions about acids, bases, and pH. (Recall that $\text{pH} = -\log[\text{H}^+]$, $[\text{H}^+] = 10^{-\text{pH}}$, and $\text{pH} + \text{pOH} = 14$). Additionally state whether the solution is (A)cidic, (B)asic, or (N)eutral

(a) What is the pH of solution with $[\text{H}^+] = 3.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$? 8(a) _____

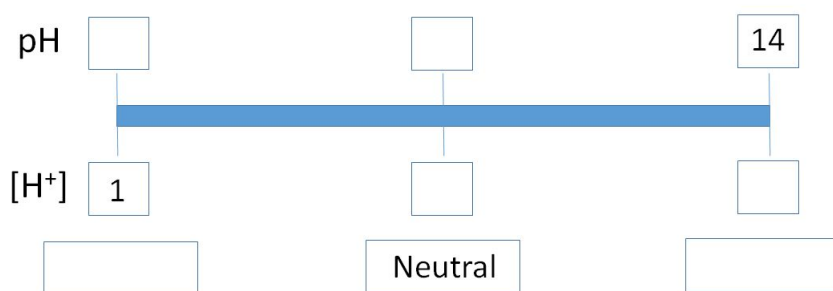
(b) What is the $[\text{H}^+]$ for a solution with $\text{pH} = 9.50$? 8(b) _____

(c) What is the $[\text{OH}^-]$ for a solution with $[\text{H}^+] = 2.4 \times 10^{-11} \text{ M}$? 8(c) _____

(d) What is the pOH of a solution with a $\text{pH} = 3.25$? 8(d) _____

(e) What is the $[\text{H}^+]$ in a solution with pOH of 5.5? 8(e) _____

[5 pt] 9. Fill in the missing values on the pH scale below.



[4 pt] 10. Fill in the missing values below.

	Acid	Neutral	Base
pH Scale	pH ____ 7	pH ____ 7	pH ____ 7
Concentration Scale	$[\text{H}^+] \text{ ____ } 1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}$	$[\text{H}^+] \text{ ____ } 1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}$	$[\text{H}^+] \text{ ____ } 1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}$

[5 pt] 11. Calculate the volume (in mL) of 1.25 M HCl required to neutralize 75.0 mL of 4.60 M $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$. Write a balanced equation for the reaction and show work to receive full credit.

[4 pt] 12. How many grams of NaOH must you dissolve in 250. mL of water to prepare a 7.50 M NaOH solution. Show work to support your answer. 12. _____

[5 pt] 13. Calculate the volume (in mL) of 3.75 M HCl required to neutralize 175.0 mL of 2.60 M $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$. Write a balanced equation for the reaction and show work to receive full credit. 13. _____

[5 pt] 14. Calculate the Molarity of an H_2SO_4 solution that requires 175.0 mL to neutralize 83.0 mL of 2.60 M NaOH solution. Write a balanced equation for the reaction and show work to receive full credit. 14. _____

15. 105.0 mL of a KOH solution with unknown molarity neutralized 78.0 mL of a 2.25 M H_3PO_4 solution. What is the molarity of the KOH solution? Write a balanced equation for the reaction and show work to receive full credit. 15. _____

16. Calculate the volume (in mL) of 8.55 M HCl required to neutralize 75.0 mL of 4.60 M $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$. Write a balanced equation for the reaction and show work to receive full credit. 16. _____

- [10 pt] 17. Complete the following table by calculating the missing value and determining if the solution is (A)cidic, (B)asic, or (N)eutral.

Given	Calculate the	Acid/Base/Neutral
$[\text{H}^+] = 6.25 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M}$	pH=	
pH = 2.50	$[\text{H}^+] =$	
$[\text{OH}^-] = 1.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}$	pH=	
pOH = 6.25	pH =	

- [4 pt] 18. Define Acid and Base according to Bronsted-Lowry.

(a) Acid

(b) Base

- [10 pt] 19. Calculate the requested values below. Is the resulting solution (A)cidic, B(asic) or (N)eutral?

(a) What is the pH of solution with $[\text{H}^+] = 3.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$? 19(a) _____

(b) What is the $[\text{H}^+]$ for a solution with pH = 3.5? 19(b) _____

(c) What is the $[\text{OH}^-]$ for a solution with $[\text{H}^+] 2.4 \times 10^{-11} \text{ M}$? 19(c) _____

(d) What is the pOH of a solution with a pH = 3.25? 19(d) _____

(e) What is the $[\text{H}^+]$ in a solution with pOH of 5.5? 19(e) _____

[9 pt] 20. Define each of the following terms, list what type of molecules have these properties and give an example compound for each.

	Definition	Class of Molecules	Example
Strong Electrolyte			
Weak Electrolyte			
Non-Electrolyte			

21. Identify the following substances as a (S)trong, (W)eak, or (N)on electrolyte.

- | | |
|--|-------------|
| (a) HF | 21(a) _____ |
| (b) SF ₆ | 21(b) _____ |
| (c) NaNO ₃ | 21(c) _____ |
| (d) HClO ₄ | 21(d) _____ |
| (e) BaSO ₄ | 21(e) _____ |
| (f) H ₃ PO ₄ (aq) | 21(f) _____ |
| (g) SiCl ₄ (aq) | 21(g) _____ |
| (h) C ₆ H ₁₂ (aq) | 21(h) _____ |
| (i) Ba(OH) ₂ (aq) | 21(i) _____ |
| (j) AgCl(s) | 21(j) _____ |
| (k) Fe(NO ₃) ₃ (aq) | 21(k) _____ |
| (l) BaCl ₂ (aq) | 21(l) _____ |
| (m) HCl(aq) | 21(m) _____ |
| (n) HC ₂ H ₃ O ₂ (aq) | 21(n) _____ |
| (o) ZnAsO ₄ (s) | 21(o) _____ |

[4 pt] 22. Write the total ionic equation **AND** the net ionic equation for the following reaction: $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{aq}) + \text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{aq}) \longrightarrow \text{CaCO}_3(\text{s}) + 2\text{NaNO}_3(\text{aq})$

[4 pt] 23. Write the total ionic equation **AND** the net ionic equation for the following reaction:
 $\text{NaCl}(\text{aq}) + \text{AgNO}_3(\text{aq}) \longrightarrow \text{NaNO}_3(\text{aq}) + \text{AgCl}(\text{s})$

[5 pt] 24. Write the total ionic **AND** net ionic equations for the following reaction:
 $\text{HF}(\text{aq}) + \text{NaOH} \longrightarrow \text{NaF}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$

[5 pt] 25. Write the total ionic **AND** net ionic equations for the following reactions:
 $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}(\text{aq}) + \text{HCl}(\text{aq}) \longrightarrow \text{NH}_4\text{Cl}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$

[5 pt] 26. Write the total ionic **AND** net ionic equations for the following reaction:
 $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq}) + 2\text{NaOH} \longrightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$

[5 pt] 27. Write the total ionic **AND** net ionic equations for the following reaction:
 $2\text{Al}(\text{s}) + 6\text{HBr}(\text{aq}) \longrightarrow 2\text{AlBr}_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}_2(\text{g})$